

SERIES RL13 INLINE PUSH-TO-START SCREWDRIVERS

NOTICE

Series RL13 Inline Push-to-Start Air Screwdrivers are designed for fastening applications in automotive and appliance assembly, the electronic and aerospace industries and for woodworking.

ARO is not responsible for customer modification of tools for applications on which ARO was not consulted.



WARNING

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION ENCLOSED.
READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING TOOL.**

**IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE EMPLOYER TO PLACE
THE INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL INTO THE HANDS OF THE OPERATOR.
FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY.**

PLACING TOOL IN SERVICE

- Always operate, inspect and maintain this tool in accordance with all regulations (local, state, federal and country), that may apply to hand held/hand operated pneumatic tools.
- For safety, top performance, and maximum durability of parts, operate this tool at 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) maximum air pressure at the inlet.
- Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this tool, or before performing any maintenance on this tool.
- Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated air hoses and fittings.
- Be sure all hoses and fittings are the correct size and are tightly secured. See Dwg. TPD905-1 for a typical piping arrangement.
- Always use clean, dry air at 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) maximum air pressure. Dust, corrosive fumes and/or excessive moisture can ruin the motor of an air tool.
- Do not lubricate tools with flammable or volatile liquids such as kerosene, diesel or jet fuel.
- Do not remove any labels. Replace any damaged label.

USING THE TOOL

- Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.
- Always wear hearing protection when operating this tool.
- Keep hands, loose clothing, long hair and jewelry away from working end of tool.
- Note the position of the reversing lever before operating the tool so as to be aware of the direction of rotation when operating the throttle.

- Keep body stance balanced and firm. Do not overreach when operating this tool. Anticipate and be alert for sudden changes in motion, reaction torques, or forces during start-up and operation.
- Tool accessory may continue to rotate briefly after throttle is released.
- Air powered tools can vibrate in use. Vibration, repetitive motions or uncomfortable positions may be harmful to your hands and arms. Stop using any tool if discomfort, tingling feeling or pain occurs. Seek medical advice before resuming use.
- Use accessories recommended by ARO.
- This tool is not insulated against electric shock.
- This tool is not designed for working in explosive atmospheres.
- Do not carry or drag the tool by the hose.
- Prevent exposure and breathing of harmful dust and particles created by power tool use:

Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- lead from lead based paints,
- crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

NOTICE

The use of other than genuine ARO replacement parts may result in safety hazards, decreased tool performance, and increased maintenance, and may invalidate all warranties.

Repairs should be made only by authorized trained personnel. Consult your nearest ARO Authorized Servicenter.

For parts and service information, contact your local ARO distributor, or the Customer Service Dept. of the Ingersoll-Rand Distribution Center, White House, TN at PH: (615) 672-0321, FAX: (615) 672-0801.

ARO Tool Products

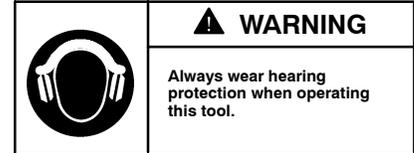
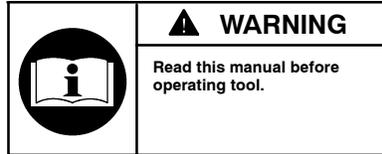
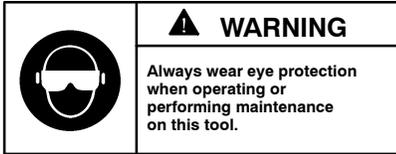
Ingersoll-Rand Company

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WARNING SYMBOL IDENTIFICATION



ADJUSTMENTS

CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

⚠ WARNING

Disconnect the air supply from the Tool before proceeding.

NOTICE

The Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover has a left-hand thread. Rotate the Cover clockwise to loosen or remove the Cover.

1. Unscrew the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover far enough to expose the clutch adjusting hole in the Clutch Housing.
2. Insert a 1/4" hex wrench into the Bit Holder and rotate the clutch mechanism until the area having an opening between the faces of the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer and Clutch Adjusting Nut is visible.

3. Using a screwdriver that has a #1 Phillips tip, insert the tip of the screwdriver into the opening and rotate the screwdriver to adjust the Clutch. Rotate the screwdriver clockwise to decrease Clutch Spring tension and torque and counterclockwise to increase the tension and torque.

NOTICE

The most satisfactory adjustment is usually obtained by using the tool on the actual application and increasing or decreasing the delivered torque until the desired setting is reached. In any event, it is recommended that final adjustment be made by gradual progression.

PLACING TOOL IN SERVICE

LUBRICATION



IRAX No. 10



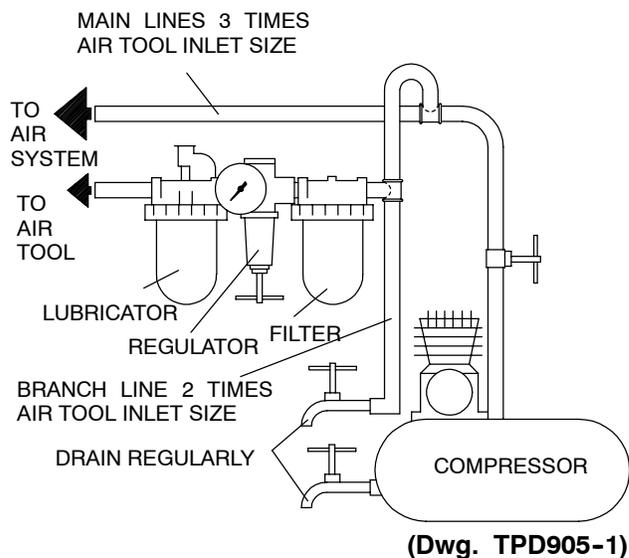
Gearing:
IRAX No. 67
Clutch:
IRAX No. 28

Always use an air line lubricator with this tool.
We recommend the following
Filter-Lubricator-Regulator Unit:

For USA - No. C08-02-FKG0-28

Whenever the tool is disassembled for maintenance or repair, lubricate the gear train with IRAX No. 67 Grease.

Whenever the tool is disassembled for maintenance or repair, lubricate the clutch assembly with IRAX No. 28 Grease.



MODEL IDENTIFICATION

Tool Style	Rotation	Throttle	Free Speed	Clutch	Bit Holder or Driver
RL (Inline)	1 (Reversible)	3 (Push-to-Start)	A (2800) B (2000) C (1500) D (1000) E (0500) F (0250)	4 (Automatic Shut-off) 3 (Cushion Clutch)	Q (1/4" Quick Release) F (1/4" Bit Finder) G (5 mm Double End Quick Release) H (1/4" Double End Quick Release)
<hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 0;"/> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: 24pt; font-weight: bold;"> RL 1 3 C 4 Q </div>					

F

**VISSEUSES À DÉMARRAGE PAR POUSSÉE
 EN LIGNE DE LA SÉRIE RL13**

NOTE

Les visseuses à démarrage par poussée en ligne de la Série RL13 sont destinées au serrage des fixations d'assemblage, automobile, équipements ménagers, industries électroniques, aérospatiales.

ARO ne peut être tenu responsable de la modification des outils par le client pour les adapter à des applications qui n'ont pas été approuvées par ARO.

ATTENTION



**D'IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SECURITE SONT JOINTES.
 LIRE CE MANUEL AVANT D'UTILISER L'OUTIL.
 L'EMPLOYEUR EST TENU À COMMUNIQUER LES INFORMATIONS
 DE CE MANUEL AUX EMPLOYÉS UTILISANT CET OUTIL.**

LE NON RESPECT DES AVERTISSEMENTS SUIVANTS PEUT CAUSER DES BLESSURES

MISE EN SERVICE DE L'OUTIL

- Cet outil doit toujours être exploité, inspecté et entretenu conformément à toutes les réglementations (locales, départementales, fédérales et nationales), applicables aux outils pneumatiques tenus/commandés à la main.
- Pour la sécurité, les performances optimales et la durabilité maximale des pièces, cet outil doit être connecté à une alimentation d'air comprimé de 6,2 bar (620 kPa) maximum à l'entrée.
- Couper toujours l'alimentation d'air comprimé et débrancher le flexible d'alimentation avant d'installer, déposer ou ajuster tout accessoire sur cet outil, ou d'entreprendre une opération d'entretien quelconque sur l'outil.
- Ne pas utiliser des flexibles ou des raccords endommagés, effilochés ou détériorés.
- S'assurer que tous les flexibles et les raccords sont correctement dimensionnés et bien serrés. Voir Plan TPD905-1 pour un exemple type d'agencement des tuyauteries.
- Utiliser toujours de l'air sec et propre à une pression maximum de 6,2 bar (620 kPa). La poussière, les fumées corrosives et/ou une humidité excessive peuvent endommager le moteur d'un outil pneumatique.
- Ne jamais lubrifier les outils avec des liquides inflammables ou volatils tels que le kérosène, le gasol ou le carburant d'aviation.
- Ne retirer aucune étiquette. Remplacer toute étiquette endommagée.

UTILISATION DE L'OUTIL

- Porter toujours des lunettes de protection pendant l'utilisation et l'entretien de cet outil.
- Porter toujours une protection acoustique pendant l'utilisation de cet outil.
- Gardez les mains, vêtements amples, cheveux longs et bijoux éloignés de l'extrémité rotative de l'outil.
- Noter la position du levier d'inversion avant de mettre l'outil en marche de manière à savoir dans quel sens il va tourner lorsque la commande est actionnée.
- Garder une position équilibrée et ferme. Ne pas se pencher trop en avant pendant l'utilisation de cet outil.

- Anticiper et prendre garde aux changements soudains de mouvement, couples de réaction ou forces lors du démarrage et de l'exploitation.
- La percussion des accessoires de l'outil peut continuer pendant un certain temps après le relâchement de la gâchette.
- Les outils pneumatiques peuvent vibrer pendant l'exploitation. Les vibrations, les mouvements répétitifs et les positions inconfortables peuvent causer des douleurs dans les mains et les bras. N'utiliser plus d'outils en cas d'inconfort, de picotements ou de douleurs. Consulter un médecin avant de recommencer à utiliser l'outil.
- Utiliser les accessoires recommandés par ARO.
- Cet outil n'est pas conçu pour fonctionner dans des atmosphères explosives.
- Cet outil n'est pas isolé contre les chocs électriques.
- Ne transportez pas l'outil par son flexible d'air comprimé.
- Evitez toute exposition et respiration des poussières et particules nocives créées par l'emploi de l'outil pneumatique:

Certaines poussières produites par les opérations de ponçage, sciage, meulage, perçage et autres activités de construction contiennent des produits chimiques qui sont reconnus comme pouvant causer le cancer, des infirmités de naissance ou d'autres risques à effets nocifs. Parmi ces produits chimiques on trouve:

- le plomb des peintures à base de plomb,
- les cristaux de silice contenus dans les briques, le ciment et d'autres produits de maçonnerie, et
- l'arsenic et le chrome des bois traités chimiquement.

Le risque présenté par l'exposition à ces poussières est fonction de la fréquence et du type de travail effectué. Pour réduire l'exposition à ces produits chimiques : travaillez dans une zone bien aérée, et utilisez les équipements de sécurité approuvés, tels que les masques à poussière qui sont spécialement conçus pour filtrer et arrêter les particules microscopiques.

NOTE

L'utilisation de rechanges autres que les pièces d'origine ARO peut causer des risques d'insécurité, réduire les performances de l'outil et augmenter l'entretien, et peut annuler toutes les garanties.

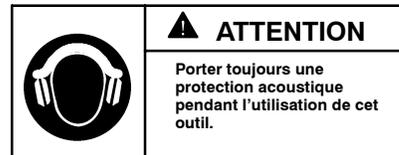
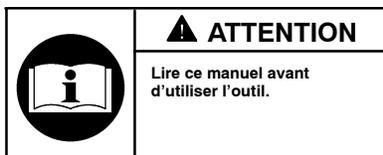
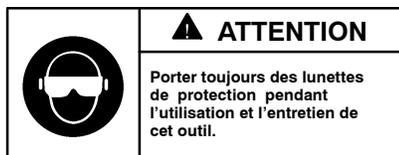
Les réparations ne doivent être effectuées que par des réparateurs qualifiés autorisés. Consultez votre Centre de Service ARO le plus proche.

Pour les informations relatives aux pièces et au service, contactez votre distributeur ARO.

ARO Tool Products



SIGNIFICATION DES SYMBOLES D'AVERTISSEMENT



RÉGLAGES

REGLAGE DU LIMITEUR

▲ ATTENTION

Débrancher l'alimentation d'air comprimé de l'outil avant d'entreprendre les opérations suivantes.

NOTICE

Le capuchon du trou de réglage du limiteur est fileté à gauche. Tourner le capuchon dans le sens horaire pour desserrer ou déposer le couvercle.

1. Dévisser suffisamment la bague pour accéder au trou de réglage du limiteur.
2. Insérer une clé hexagonale de 1/4" dans le porte-embout et tourner le mécanisme du limiteur jusqu'à ce que la zone ayant une ouverture entre les faces de la rondelle et de l'écrou de réglage du limiteur soit visible.

3. A l'aide d'un tournevis Phillips No.1, insérer la lame du tournevis dans l'ouverture et tourner le tournevis pour régler le limiteur. Tourner le tournevis dans le sens horaire pour réduire la tension du ressort du limiteur et le couple, et dans le sens antihoraire pour augmenter la tension et le couple.

NOTE

La meilleure méthode de réglage est normalement obtenue en utilisant l'outil sur l'application requise en augmentant ou en diminuant le couple fourni jusqu'à ce que le réglage désiré soit obtenu. De plus, il est toujours recommandé d'obtenir le réglage final au moyen de réglages progressifs.

MISE EN SERVICE DE L'OUTIL

LUBRIFICATION



IRAX No. 10



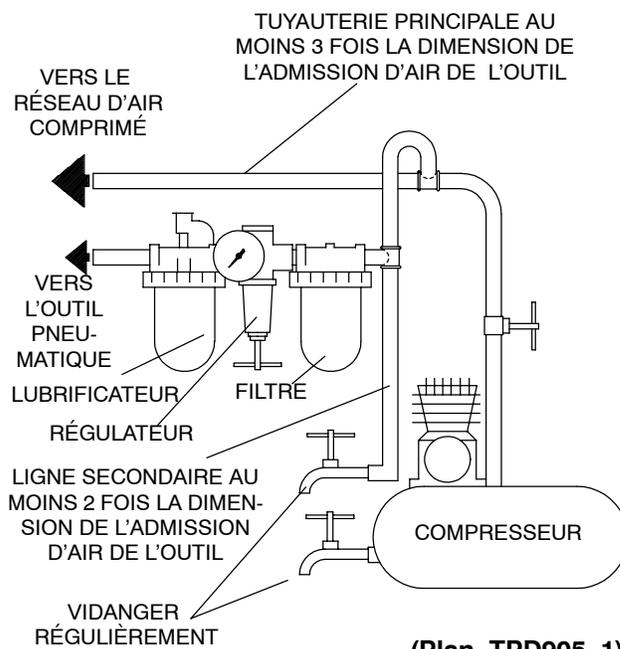
Pignonnerie
IRAX No. 67
Limiteur
IRAX No. 28

Utiliser toujours un lubrificateur avec ces outils. Nous recommandons l'emploi du filtre-régulateur-lubrificateur suivant:

É.U. - No. C08-02-FKG0-28

Lubrifier le train d'engrenages avec de la graisse IRAX No. 67 à **chaque fois que l'outil est démonté pour entretien ou réparation.**

Lubrifier l'ensemble de limiteur avec de la graisse IRAX No. 28 à **chaque fois que l'outil est démonté pour entretien ou réparation.**



IDENTIFICATION DES MODÈLES

Style d'outil	Rotation	Commande	Vitesse à vide	Limiteur	Porte-embout ou entraînement
RL (En ligne)	1 (Réversible)	3 (Démarrage par poussée)	A (2800) B (2000) C (1500) D (1000) E (0500) F (0250)	4 (Arrêt automatique) 3 (Limiteur amortisseur)	Q (1/4" Changement rapide) F (1/4" Coiffe d'embout) G (5 mm Double extrémité Changement rapide) H (1/4" Double extrémité Changement rapide)
RL 1 3 C 4 Q					

ATORNILLADORES RECTOS SERIE RL13 DE ARRANQUE POR EMPUJE

NOTA

Los atornilladores rectos de arranque por empuje de la serie RL13 están diseñados para aplicaciones de montaje en la industria de electrodomésticos, del automóvil, electrónica y aeroespacial y para carpintería.

ARO no aceptará responsabilidad alguna por la modificación de las herramientas efectuada por el cliente para las aplicaciones que no hayan sido consultadas con ARO.



AVISO

**SE ADJUNTA INFORMACION IMPORTANTE DE SEGURIDAD.
LEA ESTE MANUAL ANTES DE USAR LA HERRAMIENTA.**

**ES RESPONSABILIDAD DE LA EMPRESA ASEGURARSE DE QUE EL OPERARIO
ESTE AL TANTO DE LA INFORMACION QUE CONTIENE ESTE MANUAL.**

EL HACER CASO OMISO DE LOS AVISOS SIGUIENTES PODRIA OCASIONAR LESIONES.

PARA PONER LA HERRAMIENTA EN SERVICIO

- Use, inspeccione y mantenga esta herramienta siempre de acuerdo a todas las normativas (locales, estatales, federales, nacionales), que apliquen a las herramientas neumáticas de operación y agarre manual.
- Para seguridad, máximo rendimiento y durabilidad de piezas, use esta herramienta a una máxima presión de aire de 90 psig (6,2 bar/620kPa) en la admisión de manguera de suministro.
- Corte siempre el suministro de aire y desconecte la manguera de suministro de aire antes de instalar, desmontar o ajustar cualquier accesorio de esta herramienta, o antes de realizar cualquier operación de mantenimiento de la misma.
- No utilice mangueras de aire y accesorios dañados, desgastados ni deteriorados.
- Asegúrese de que todas las mangueras y los accesorios sean del tamaño correcto y estén bien apretados. Vea Esq. TPD905-1 para un típico arreglo de tuberías.
- Use siempre aire limpio y seco a una máxima presión de 90 psig (6,2 bar/620kPa). El polvo, los gases corrosivos y/o el exceso de humedad podrían estropear el motor de una herramienta neumática.
- No lubrique las herramientas con líquidos inflamables o volátiles tales como queroseno, gasoil o combustible para motores a reacción.
- No saque ninguna etiqueta. Sustituya toda etiqueta dañada.

USO DE HERRAMIENTA

- Use siempre protección ocular cuando utilice esta herramienta o realice operaciones de mantenimiento en la misma.
- Use siempre protección para los oídos cuando utilice esta herramienta.
- Mantenga las manos, la ropa suelta, el cabello largo y las alhajas apartados del extremo de trabajo de la herramienta.
- Note la posición de la palanca de inversión antes de funcionar la herramienta para estar consciente de su dirección giratoria cuando funcione el estrangulador.
- Mantenga una postura del cuerpo equilibrada y firme. No estire demasiado los brazos al manejar la

herramienta. Anticipe y esté atento a los cambios repentinos en el movimiento, pares de reacción u otras fuerzas durante la puesta en marcha y utilización.

- El accesorio de herramienta podría seguir girando brevemente después de haber soltado la palanca de estrangulación.
- Las herramientas neumáticas pueden vibrar durante el uso. La vibración, repetición o posiciones incómodas pueden dañarle los brazos y manos. En caso de incomodidad, sensación de hormigueo o dolor, deje de usar la herramienta. Consulte a un médico antes de volver a usarla otra vez.
- Utilice únicamente los accesorios ARO recomendados.
- Esta herramienta no ha sido diseñada para trabajar en ambientes explosivos.
- Esta herramienta no está aislada contra descargas eléctricas.
- No lleve ni arrastre la herramienta sujetándola por la manguera.
- Evite respirar el polvo y partículas nocivos que se producen al utilizar la herramienta, así como exponerse a ellos:

Ciertos tipos de polvo que se producen al lijar, serruchar, rectificar o taladrar y durante otras actividades de la construcción contienen sustancias químicas que son conocidos como causantes de cáncer, defectos de nacimiento y otros daños reproductivos. Algunos ejemplos de estas sustancias químicas:

- el plomo de las pinturas con base de plomo,
- la sílice cristalina de ladrillos y hormigón y otros productos asociados con la albañilería, y
- el arsénico y el cromo que produce la madera sometida a tratamientos químicos.

El riesgo a la persona que presenta una exposición de este tipo varía en función de la frecuencia con que se realiza esta clase de trabajo. Para reducir la exposición a estas sustancias químicas: trabaje en una zona bien ventilada y utilice equipo de protección homologado, por ejemplo una mascarilla especialmente diseñada para filtrar partículas microscópicas.

NOTA

El uso de piezas de recambio que no sean las auténticas piezas ARO podría poner en peligro la seguridad, reducir el rendimiento de la herramienta y aumentar los cuidados de mantenimiento necesarios, así como invalidar toda garantía. Las reparaciones sólo serán realizadas por personal cualificado y autorizado. Consulte con el centro de servicio ARO autorizado más próximo.

Por información sobre piezas y servicio, sírvase ponerse en contacto con el distribuidor ARO de su zona.

ARO Tool Products

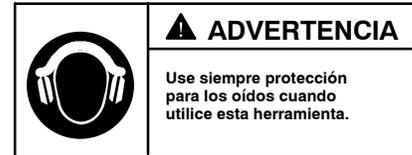
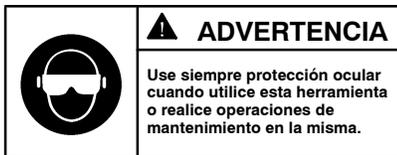
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IDENTIFICACIÓN DE SÍMBOLOS DE AVISO



AJUSTES

AJUSTE DE EMBRAGUE

⚠ AVISO

Desconecte el suministro de aire comprimido de la herramienta antes de proceder.

NOTICE

La tapa del orificio para ajuste del embrague tiene rosca hacia la izquierda. Gire la tapa hacia la derecha para aflojar o quitarla.

1. Desenrosque la tapa del orificio para ajuste del embrague lo suficiente para que quede expuesto el orificio en la carcasa del embrague.
2. Introduzca una llave exagonal de 1/4" en el portapuntas y gire el mecanismo del embrague hasta que quede visible la zona que tiene una abertura entre las caras de la arandela de la tuerca de ajuste del embrague y de dicha tuerca.

3. Introduzca la punta de un atornillador con punta Phillips nº 1 en la abertura y gire el atornillador para ajustar el embrague. Gire el atornillador hacia la derecha para reducir la tensión y el par del muelle del embrague o hacia la izquierda para aumentarlos.

NOTA

Normalmente se obtendrá el mejor ajuste usando la herramienta en trabajo actual e incrementando o disminuyendo el par hasta lograr el ajuste deseado.

En cualquier caso, se recomienda hacer el ajuste final por progresión gradual.

PARA PONER LA HERRAMIENTA EN SERVICIO

LUBRICACION



IRAX N° 10



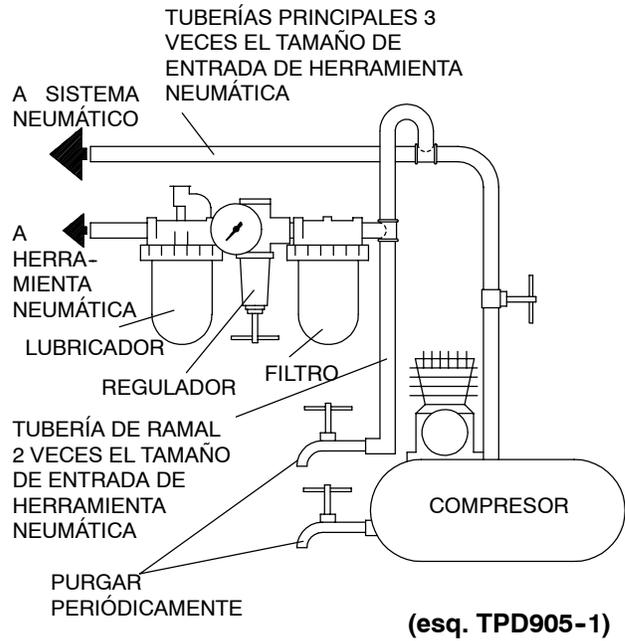
Engranajes:
IRAX N° 67
Embrague
IRAX N° 28

Utilice siempre un lubricador de aire comprimido con estas llaves de impacto. Recomendamos la siguiente unidad de Filtro-Lubricador-Regulador:

EE.UU. - N° C08-02-FKG0-28

Cada vez que se desarme la herramienta para realizarle trabajos de mantenimiento o reparación, lubrique el tren de engranajes con grasa IRAX N° 67.

Cada vez que se desarme la herramienta para realizarle trabajos de mantenimiento o reparación, lubrique el conjunto del embrague con grasa IRAX N° 28.



IDENTIFICACIÓN DE MODELOS

Estilo de herramienta	Rotación	Palanca de mando	Velocidad en vacío	Embrague	Portapuntas o cuadradrillo
RL (recto)	1 (reversible)	3 (arranque por empuje)	A (2800) B (2000) C (1500) D (1000) E (0500) F (0250)	4 (parada automática) 3 (embrague ajustable)	Q (1/4" de cambio rápido) F (localizador de brocas de 1/4") G (punta doble de 5 mm de cambio rápido) H (punta doble de 1/4" de cambio rápido)

RL

1

3

C

4

Q

APARAFUSADORAS DE ARRANQUE POR PRESSÃO EM LINHA DA SÉRIE RL13

AVISO

As Aparafusadoras de Arranque por Pressão em Linha da Série RL13 são concebidas para aplicações de fixação na montagem de automóveis e aparelhos, nas indústrias electrónica e aeroespacial e em carpintaria.

A ARO não é responsável por modificações, feitas pelo cliente em ferramentas, nas quais a ARO não tenha sido consultada.

⚠️ ADVERTÊNCIA



**INFORMAÇÃO DE SEGURANÇA IMPORTANTE EM ANEXO
LEIA ESTE MANUAL ANTES DE OPERAR A FERRAMENTA.
É DA RESPONSABILIDADE DO EMPREGADOR COLOCAR
A INFORMAÇÃO DESTES MANUAIS NAS MÃOS DO OPERADOR.**

O NÃO CUMPRIMENTO DAS SEGUINTE ADVERTÊNCIAS PODE RESULTAR EM FERIMENTOS.

COLOCANDO A FERRAMENTA EM FUNCIONAMENTO

- Opere, inspecione e mantenha sempre esta ferramenta de acordo com todas regulamentações (local, estadual, federal e do país), que possam ser aplicadas às ferramentas pneumáticas operadas manualmente ou seguras com as mãos.
- Para segurança, máximo desempenho e máxima durabilidade das peças, opere esta ferramenta com uma pressão de ar máxima de 6,2 bar/620 kPa (90 psig) na entrada da mangueira de alimentação.
- Desligue sempre a alimentação de ar e desconecte a mangueira de alimentação de ar antes de instalar, remover ou ajustar qualquer acessório nesta ferramenta, ou antes de executar qualquer serviço de manutenção nesta ferramenta.
- Não use mangueiras de ar ou adaptadores danificados, gastos ou deteriorados.
- Certifique-se de que todas as mangueiras e adaptadores sejam do tamanho correcto e estejam apertados com firmeza. Veja o Desenho TPD905-1 para um arranjo típico de tubagem.
- Use sempre ar seco e limpo com pressão máxima de 6,2 bar/620 kPa (90 psig). Pó, fumos corrosivos e/ou humidade excessiva podem arruinar o motor de uma ferramenta pneumática.
- Não lubrifique as ferramentas com líquidos inflamáveis ou voláteis tais como querosene, diesel ou combustível de jactos.
- Não remova nenhum rótulo. Reponha qualquer rótulo danificado.

USANDO A FERRAMENTA

- Use sempre óculos de protecção quando estiver operando ou executando serviço de manutenção nesta ferramenta.
- Use sempre protecção contra ruído ao operar esta ferramenta.
- Mantenha as mãos, roupas soltas, cabelos longos e jóias afastados da extremidade de trabalho da ferramenta.
- Observe qual é a posição da alavanca que reverte o sentido de rotação antes de operar esta ferramenta de modo a estar atento ao sentido de rotação quando operar o regulador de pressão.

- Mantenha o corpo numa posição equilibrada e firme. Não estique o corpo ao operar esta ferramenta. Esteja preparado e alerta para mudanças súbitas no movimento, binários ou forças de reacção durante o arranque e o funcionamento.
- Os acessórios da ferramenta podem continuar a girar brevemente após a pressão ter sido aliviada.
- Ferramentas accionadas pneumáticamente podem vibrar em uso. Vibração, movimentos repetitivos ou posições desconfortáveis podem ser prejudiciais às mãos e aos braços. Pare de usar a ferramenta caso ocorra algum desconforto, sensação de formigamento ou dor. Procure assistência médica antes de retornar ao trabalho.
- Use acessórios recomendados pela ARO.
- Esta Ferramenta não foi concebida para trabalhos em atmosferas explosivas.
- Esta Ferramenta não está isolada contra choques eléctricos.
- Não transporte ou arraste a ferramenta pela mangueira.
- Evite expor-se e respirar as poeiras e partículas nocivas criadas pela utilização de ferramentas motorizadas:

Algumas poeiras criadas por operações motorizadas de lixar, serrar, rectificar, perfurar e outras actividades de construção contêm produtos químicos conhecidos por causarem cancro, malformações congénitas e terem efeitos nocivos na reprodução. Alguns exemplos desses produtos químicos são:

- chumbo de tintas à base de chumbo,
- sílica cristalina de tijolos e cimento e outros produtos de alvenaria e
- arsénico e crómio de madeira tratada quimicamente

Os riscos dessas exposições varia, dependendo de com que frequência faz esse tipo de trabalho. Para reduzir a sua exposição a esses produtos químicos: trabalhe numa área bem ventilada e com equipamento de segurança aprovado, como as máscaras contra a poeira que são especialmente projectadas para filtrar partículas microscópicas.

AVISO

O uso de peças de substituição que não sejam genuinamente da ARO podem resultar em riscos de segurança, diminuição do desempenho da ferramenta, aumento da necessidade de manutenção e pode invalidar todas as garantias. As reparações devem ser feitas somente por pessoal treinado autorizado. Consulte o Centro de Serviços da ARO mais próximo.

Para obter informações sobre peças e assistência, contacte o seu distribuidor local ARO.

ARO Tool Products

Ingersoll-Rand Company

1725 U.S. No. 1 North • P.O. Box 8000 • Southern Pines, NC 28388-8000

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IDENTIFICAÇÃO DO SÍMBOLO DE AVISO



AJUSTES

AJUSTE DA EMBRAIAGEM

⚠️ ADVERTÊNCIA

Desconecte a alimentação de ar da Ferramenta antes de prosseguir.

AVISO

A tampa do orifício de ajuste da embraiagem tem a rosca à esquerda. Rode a tampa para a direita para desapertar e remover a tampa.

1. Desaperte a tampa do orifício de ajuste da embraiagem o suficiente para expor este orifício na carcaça da embraiagem.
2. Introduza uma chave sextavada de 1/4" no porta-brocas e rode o mecanismo da embraiagem até a área que tem uma abertura entre as faces da anilha da porca de ajuste da embraiagem e da porca de ajuste da embraiagem ficar visível.

3. Introduza a ponta de uma chave de fendas Phillips Nº 1 na abertura e rode a chave de fendas para ajustar a embraiagem. Rode a chave para a direita para reduzir a tensão e o binário da mola da embraiagem e para a esquerda para aumentar a tensão e o binário.

AVISO

O ajuste mais satisfatório é usualmente obtido ao utilizar a ferramenta na aplicação real e aumentando ou diminuindo o torque exercido até que o ajuste desejado seja atingido. Em qualquer caso, é recomendado que o ajuste final seja feito em progressivamente.

COLOCANDO A FERRAMENTA EM FUNCIONAMENTO

LUBRIFICAÇÃO



IRAX No. 10



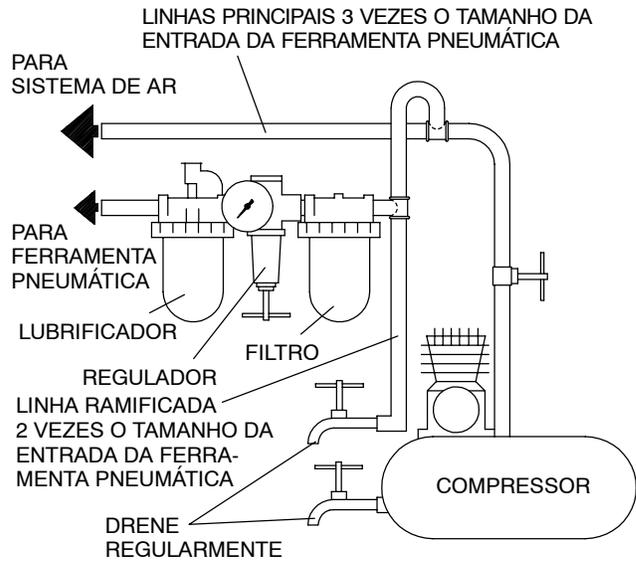
Engrenagem:
IRAX No. 67
Embraiagem:
IRAX No. 28

Use sempre um lubrificador de ar de linha com estas ferramentas. Nós recomendamos a seguinte Unidade Filtro-Lubrificador-Regulador:

Para E.U.A. - No. C08-02-FKG0-28

Sempre que a ferramenta for desmontada para manutenção ou reparação, lubrifique o trem de engrenagens com Massa IRAX Nº 67.

Sempre que a ferramenta for desmontada para manutenção ou reparação, lubrifique o conjunto da embraiagem com Massa IRAX Nº 28.



(Desenho TPD905-1)

IDENTIFICAÇÃO DO MODELO

Estilo da ferramenta	Rotação	Estrangulador	Velocidade livre	Embraiagem	Porta-brocas ou accionador
RL (Em linha)	1 (Reversível)	3 (Arranque por pressão)	A (2800) B (2000) C (1500) D (1000) E (0500) F (0250)	4 (Desligamento automático) 3 (Embraiagem amortecedora)	Q (Libertação rápida de 1/4") F (Posicionador da ponta de 1/4") G (Libertação rápida de extremidade dupla de 5 mm) H (Libertação rápida de extremidade dupla de 1/4")

RL

1

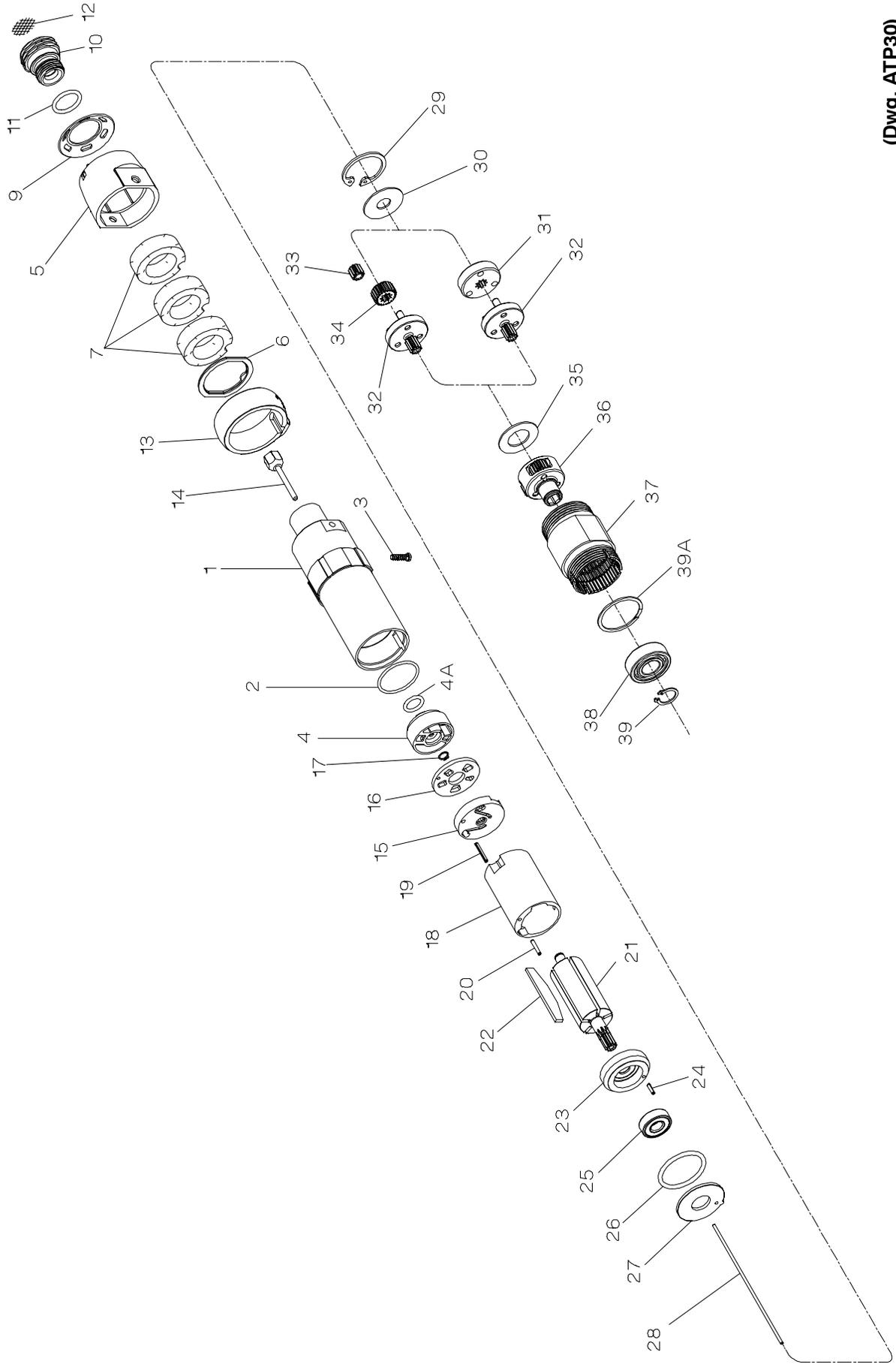
3

C

4

Q

SERIES RL13 PUSH-TO-START MOTOR AND GEARING



(Dwg. ATP30)

SERIES RL13 INLINE PUSH-TO-START MOTOR AND GEARING

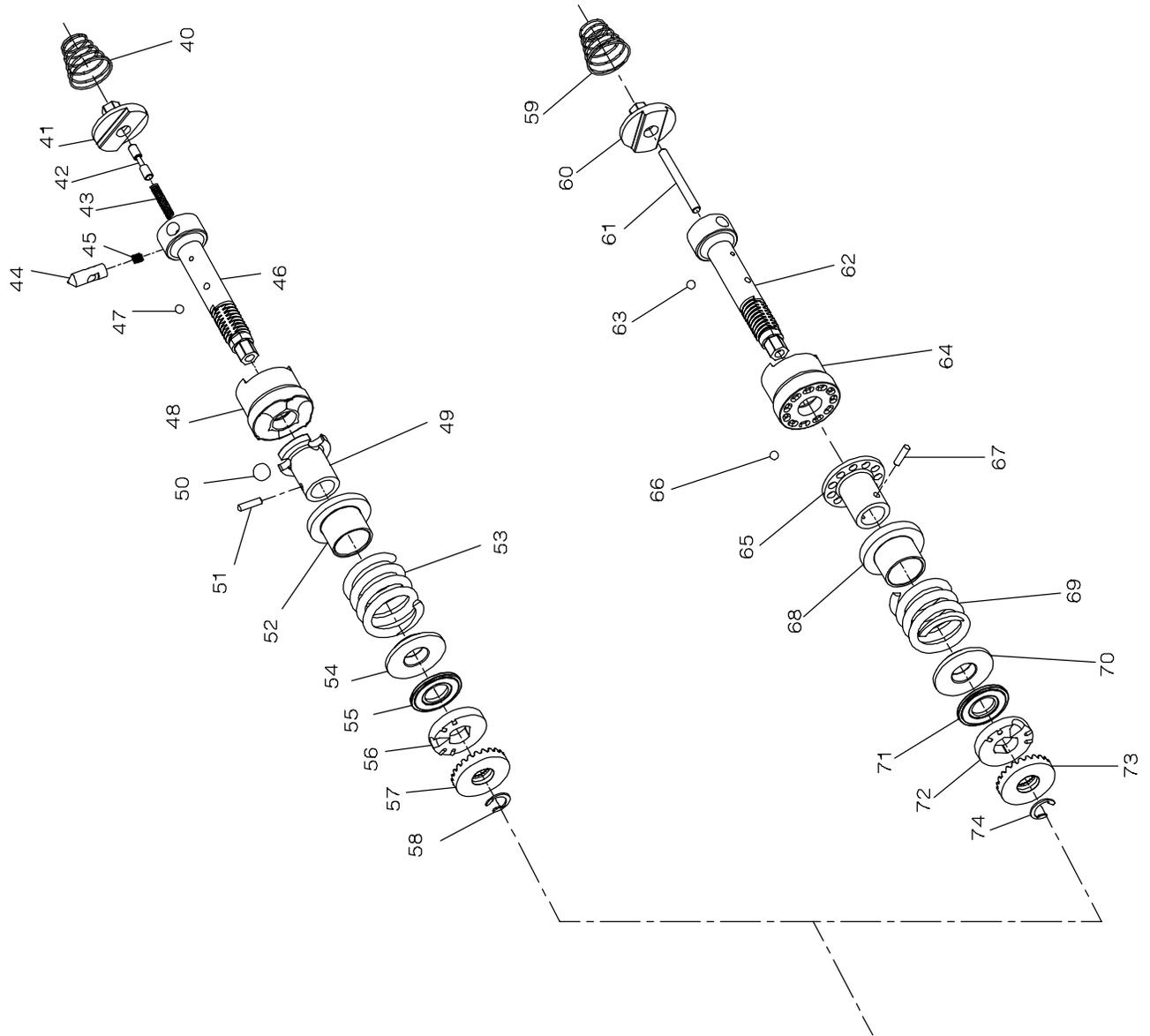
PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

1	Motor Housing	TRH-40	29	Gear Retainer	TRH-28
2	Housing O-ring	TRH-104	30	Gear Head Spacer	TRH-81
3	Housing Screw	TRH-330	31	Planet Gear Drive Plate (for Series RL13A)	TRH-17
4	Reverse Valve Assembly	TRH-A329	32	Planet Gear Head Assembly (includes gear shafts) for Series RL13F, RL13E, RL13D and RL13A	TRH-A2169-16 TRH-A2169-12 TRH-A2169-10
4A	Reverse Valve Seal	R1A-159			
5	Back Cap	TAH-231			
6	Back Cap Gasket	TRH-A283			
7	Muffler Element (3)	TRH-311			
9	Exhaust Diffuser	TAH-123	33	Planet Gear (3 for each Gear Head) for Series RL13F, RL13E and RL13D	TRH-10-16 TRH-10-12 TRH-10-10
10	Inlet Bushing Assembly	TRH-A465			
11	Inlet Bushing Seal	AF120-290			
12	Inlet Screen	TRH-61			
13	Reverse Lever	TRH-273			
14	Shutoff Valve	TRH-A435	34	Gear Head Pinion for Series RL13C, RL13B3 for Series RL13B4	TRH-17-18 TRH-17-21 TRH-82
15	Rear End Plate Assembly (includes rear rotor bearing)	TRH-A12-1			
16	Rear End Plate Face Plate	TRH-12-2	35	Gear Head Spacer	
17	Rear End Plate Assembly Retainer	SSL-305	36	Spindle Assembly (includes all spindle gearing) for Series RL13F, RL13E and RL13A	TRH-A8-16
18	Cylinder Assembly	TRH-A3			
19	Cylinder Rear Alignment Pin	TRH-98			
20	Cylinder Front Alignment Pin	TRH-98-1			
21	Rotor	TRH-53			
22	Vane Packet (set of 5 Vanes)	TRH-42-5			
23	Front End Plate Assembly	TRH-A11	37	Gear Case	TRH-A8-12 TRH-A8-10
24	End Plate Alignment Pin	TRH-98-2	38	Spindle Bearing	TAH-37
25	Front Rotor Bearing	TRH-24	39	Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring	TRH-510 120A4-588
26	Motor Seal	TRH-211	39A	Spindle Bearing Seat	TRH-208
27	Motor Clamp Washer	TRH-207	*	Suspension Bail	7L-365
28	Push Rod	TRH-425	*	Piped-Away Exhaust Kit (optional)	LG1-K284

* Not illustrated.

SERIES RL13 INLINE PUSH-TO-START CLUTCHES



(Dwg. ATP31)

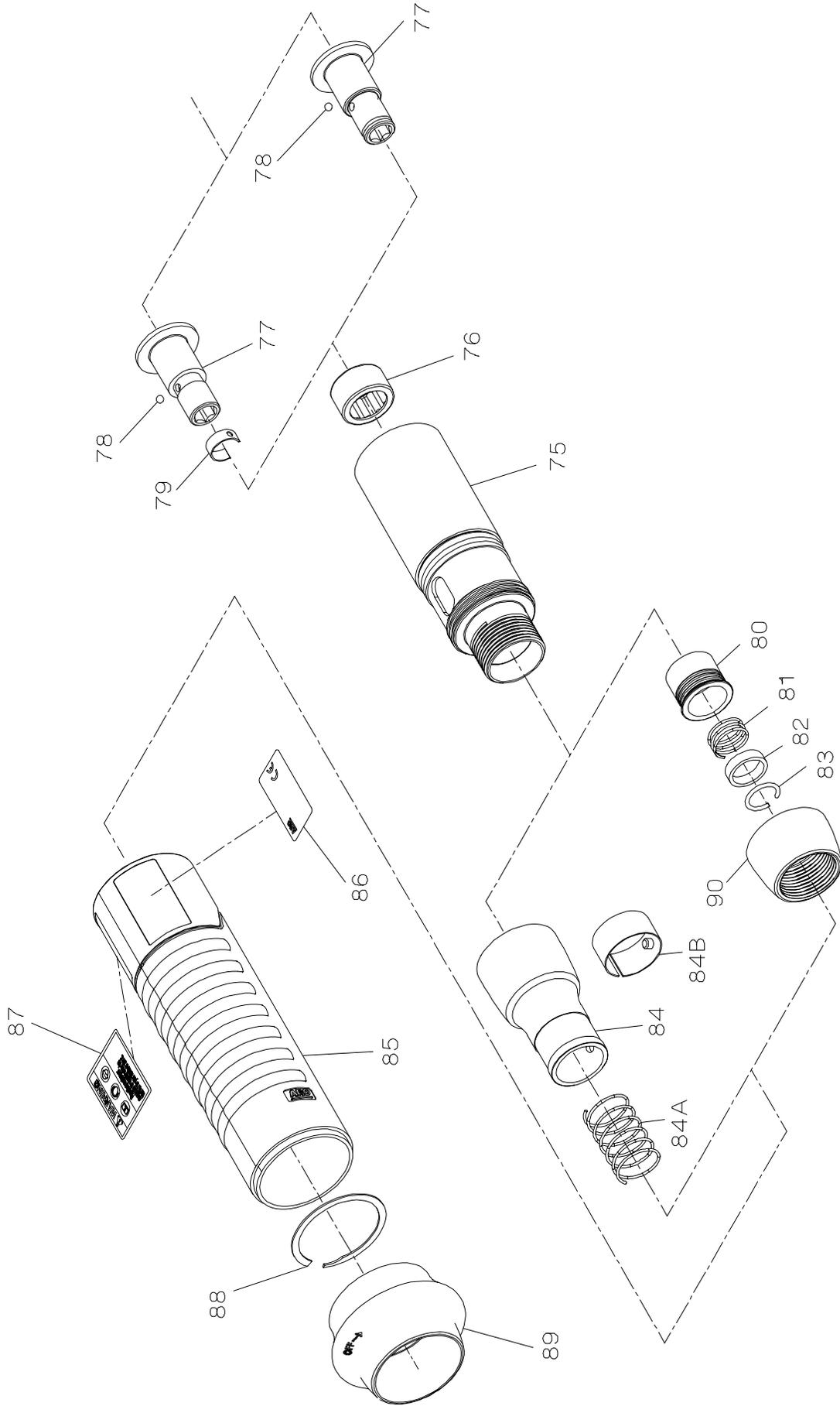
SERIES RL13 INLINE PUSH-TO-START CLUTCHES

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

	Automatic Shutoff Clutch Assembly with heavy clutch spring (standard)		Cushion Clutch Assembly with heavy clutch spring (standard)		TRH-AH579-C
40	with medium clutch spring	TRH-AH579	with medium clutch spring		TRH-AM579-C
41	with light clutch spring	TRH-AM579	with light clutch spring		TRH-AL579-C
42	Clutch Return Spring	TRH-AL579	Clutch Return Spring	59	TRH-405
43	Clutch Input Driver	TRH-405	Clutch Input Driver	60	TRH-103
44	Automatic Shutoff Plunger	TRH-103	Clutch Pushrod	61	TRH-236-C
45	Automatic Shutoff Plunger Return Spring	TRH-408	Clutch Shaft	62	TRH-502
46	Automatic Shutoff Pin	TRH-420	Clutch Ball (1/8" diameter) (12)	63	AV1-255
47	Automatic Shutoff Pin Spring	TRH-704	Cam Jaw	64	TRH-721-C
48	Clutch Shaft	TRH-407	for Series RL13F, RL13E and RL13D		TRH-722-C
49	Clutch Ball (1/8" diameter) (12)	TRH-502	for Series RL13C, RL13B and RL13A		TRH-581-C
50	Cam Jaw	AV1-255	Clutch Cam Ball Driver	65	AV1-255
51	Clutch Cam Ball Driver	TRH-721	Clutch Cam Ball (1/8" diameter) (11)	66	TRH-188
52	Clutch Cam Ball (1/4" diameter) (3)	TRH-581	Clutch Cam Ball Seat	67	TRH-627-C
53	Clutch Driver Retaining Pin	4U-722	Clutch Spring heavy (green)		TRH-H583
	Clutch Ball Seat	TRH-188	medium (red)		TRH-M583
	Clutch Spring heavy (green)	TRH-627	light (orange)		TRH-XL583
	medium (red)	TRH-H583	Spring Seat	70	161A32-105
	light (orange)	TRH-M583	Thrust Bearing	71	TRH-582
54	Spring Seat	TRH-XL583	Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer	72	TRH-588
55	Thrust Bearing	TRH-623	Clutch Adjusting Nut	73	3S3-701
56	Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer	161A32-105	Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop	74	
57	Clutch Adjusting Nut	TRH-582			
58	Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop	TRH-588			
		3S3-701			

SERIES RL13 INLINE GRIP AND BIT DRIVERS



(Dwg. ATP32-1)

SERIES RL13 INLINE GRIP AND BIT DRIVERS

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

75	Bit Holder Assembly with 1/4" Quick Release Bit Holder	TRH-A580-PQ4	81	Retaining Sleeve Spring (for Quick Release Bit Holders)	TRH-931
76	with 1/4" Bit Finder Bit Holder	TAH-A580-PQ4F	82	Spring Seat	TRH-244
77	with 5 mm Double End Quick Release Bit Holder	TRH-A580-PQ5MD	83	Retaining Ring (for Quick Release Bit Holders)	TRH-853
	with 1/4" mm Double End Quick Release Bit Holder	TRH-A580-PQ4D	84	Non-Rotating Bit Finder (for Bit Finder Bit Holders)	TAH-873
	Clutch Housing	TRH-580	84A	Spring (for Bit Finder Bit Holders)	102A60-242
	Clutch Housing Bearing	TRH-105	84B	Finder Retaining Spring (for Bit Finder Bit Holders)	102A60-628
	Bit Holder		85	Housing Grip	TAH-40-A135
	for 1/4" Quick Release Bit Holder	TRH-586-H4	86	Nameplate	TAH-301
	for 1/4" Bit Finder Bit Holder	TRH-583-Q4	87	Warning Label	TRH-99
	for 5 mm Double End Quick Release Bit Holder	TRH-586-5MD	88	Grip Retaining Ring	TRH-197
	for 1/4" Double End Quick Release Bit Holder	TRH-586-Q4D	89	Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover Cover with a flange (standard)	TAH-40-23
78	Bit Retaining Ball for metric Bit Holders	TRH-629-3M	90	Cover without a flange (optional)	TAH-40-24
	for all other Bit Holders	R000B-263		Clutch Housing Cap (for Quick Release Holders)	TAH-19
79	Bit Retaining Spring (for Bit Finder Bit Holders)	TRH-241	*	Clutch Housing Spanner Wrench	TRH-478
80	Bit Retaining Sleeve (for Quick Release Bit Holders)	TRH-930			

* Not illustrated.

CLUTCH SPRING SELECTION CHART

Tool	Free Speed (rpm)	TORQUE RANGE (Soft Draw)		
		Light Clutch Spring (Orange)	Medium Clutch Spring (Red)	Heavy Clutch Spring (Green)
All Series RL Inline Screwdrivers	2800	1.7 to 9.7 in.-lbs. (0.19 to 1.1 Nm)	----- -----	----- -----
	2000	1.7 to 9.7 in.-lbs. (0.19 to 1.1 Nm)	7.9 to 22.1 in.-lbs. (0.89 to 2.50 Nm)	----- -----
	1500	1.7 to 9.7 in.-lbs. (0.19 to 1.1 Nm)	7.9 to 27.3 in.-lbs. (0.89 to 3.08 Nm)	----- -----
	1000	1.7 to 9.7 in.-lbs. (0.19 to 1.1 Nm)	7.9 to 27.3 in.-lbs. (0.89 to 3.08 Nm)	13.3 to 40.0 in.-lbs. (1.50 to 4.52 Nm)
	500	1.7 to 9.7 in.-lbs. (0.19 to 1.1 Nm)	7.9 to 28.3 in.-lbs. (0.89 to 3.20 Nm)	13.3 to 47.8 in.-lbs. (1.50 to 5.40 Nm)
	250	1.7 to 9.7 in.-lbs. (0.19 to 1.1 Nm)	7.9 to 28.3 in.-lbs. (0.89 to 3.20 Nm)	13.3 to 47.8 in.-lbs. (1.50 to 5.40 Nm)

MAINTENANCE SECTION



WARNING

Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.

Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this tool, or before performing any maintenance on this tool.

LUBRICATION

Each time a Series RL13 Screwdriver is disassembled for maintenance and repair or replacement of parts, lubricate the tool as follows:

1. Coat all exposed gears with IRAX No. 67 Grease and work some of the Grease into the gearing of the Spindle Assembly (36).
2. Work approximately 6 to 8 cc of IRAX No. 28 Grease into the ball pockets, jaws, adjusting nut lock and shaft threads of the clutch mechanism.
3. Use IRAX No. 10 Oil to lubricate the motor. Inject approximately 1 to 2 cc of oil into the air inlet before attaching the air hose to the tool.

SPEED ADJUSTMENT

In addition to adjustable clutches for controlling torque, Series RL13 Inline Push-to-Start Screwdrivers are furnished with the ability to precisely control speed, within certain ranges. Setting the speed requires a tachometer. Therefore, the adjustment, although simple, should only be attempted by a competent technician using the proper equipment.

The Back Cap (5) has a small, molded stud on the end face of the Cap nearest the Exhaust Diffuser (9). That stud controls the radial location of the Diffuser which controls the opening size of the exhaust ports. Take an initial reading of the tool speed by applying a tachometer with a convex tip to the inside of the Bit Holder (77). Pressure against the Bit Holder will activate the motor. Apply enough pressure to bring the motor to maximum free speed.

After determining the actual velocity, shut off the air supply and disconnect the air line. Use a 3/4" wrench to loosen the Inlet Bushing. The longest slot in the Exhaust Diffuser will contain the molded stud on the Back Cap. Rotate the Diffuser to open the exhaust ports to increase speed or rotate it to restrict the exhaust to reduce speed. Being careful not to allow the Diffuser to damage the molded stud, tighten the Inlet Bushing to 15 ft.-lbs. (20 Nm) torque. Connect the air line and restore the air supply and check the velocity again. Determine which direction you need to rotate the Diffuser to obtain the desired speed and then rotate it accordingly. Best results are achieved by using gradual increments and frequent tachometer readings. Be sure to turn off the air supply and disconnect the line when making adjustments.

DISASSEMBLY

General Instructions

1. Do not disassemble the tool any further than necessary to replace or repair damaged parts.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

- Whenever grasping a tool or part in a vise, always use leather-covered or copper-covered vice jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.
- Do not remove any part which is a press fit in or on a subassembly unless the removal of that part is necessary for repairs or replacement.
- Do not disassemble the tool unless you have a complete set of gaskets and o-rings for replacement.

Disassembly of the Tool

Each Series RL13 Push-to-Start Screwdriver is made using four modules or units which include a motor housing unit, a motor unit, a clutch with bit holder unit and a combined gearing with spindle unit. The tool can be disassembled for repairs to each individual unit without disturbing the other units. To separate the modules, proceed as follows:

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left hand thread. Rotate the Bit Finder or Housing Cap clockwise to remove it.

- For models with Bit Finder Bit Holders**, unscrew and remove the Non-Rotating Bit Finder (84).
For models with Quick Release Bit Holders, unscrew and remove the Clutch Housing Cap (90). Use a thin blade screwdriver to spiral the Retaining Ring (83) out of the groove in the end of the Bit Holder (77). Being careful not to loose the Bit Retaining Ball (78), slide the Spring Seat (82), Retaining Sleeve Spring (81) and the Bit Retaining Sleeve (80) off the Bit Holder.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left hand thread. Rotate the Cover clockwise to remove it.

- Unscrew and remove the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover (89). There are two sets of threads with a non-threaded section between them on the Clutch Housing (75).
- Using external retaining ring pliers or a thin blade screwdriver, remove the Grip Retaining Ring (88) from the groove in the Clutch Housing.
- Pull the Housing Grip (85) of the front end of the tool.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left hand thread. Rotate the Clutch Housing clockwise to remove it.

- Using a 1-1/16" wrench on the flats of the Gear Case (37) and the Clutch Housing Spanner Wrench (Part No. TRH-478) in the clutch housing slot, unscrew and remove the Clutch Housing.
- Push on the output end of the Bit Holder (77) to remove it from the Clutch Housing (75).
- If the Clutch Housing Bearing (76) is worn and must be replaced, press it from the Clutch Housing.
- Carefully remove the Clutch Assembly, the Clutch Input Driver (41 or 60), the Clutch Return Spring (40 or 59), and the Push Rod (61).
- Lightly grasp the flats of the Gear Case in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws with the Inlet Bushing (10) upward.
- Place a 1-3/16" open end wrench on the flats of the Back Cap (5) to prevent it from rotating, and use a 3/4" wrench to unscrew and remove the Inlet Bushing.
- Lift the Exhaust Diffuser (9) off the Back Cap and remove the assembly from the vise.
- Holding the assembly horizontally, remove the Back Cap, the Back Cap Gasket (6) and the Shutoff Valve (14).
- If the Muffler Elements (7) need to be cleaned or replaced, pull them out of the Back Cap.
- Using one 1-1/16" wrench on the flats of the Motor Housing (1), unscrew and separate the Gear Case from the Motor Housing.
- Set the assembled Gear Case on the workbench.
- Remove the Motor Clamp Washer (27) and the Motor Seal (26) from the assembled motor in the Housing.
- Tap the Motor Housing on a wood block to remove the Motor Assembly from the Housing.

Disassembly of the Adjustable Shutoff Clutch

- Using a thin blade screwdriver, pry the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (58) off the end of the Clutch Shaft (46).
- Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut (57) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (56). Rotate the screwdriver clockwise to thread the Adjustment Nut off the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Cam Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Ball Seat is moved. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

- Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, slide the Adjusting Nut Washer, the Thrust Bearing (55), the Spring Seat (54), the Clutch Spring (53) and the Cam Ball Seat (52) off the Clutch Shaft. Allow the three Clutch Cam Balls (50) to fall into the pasteboard box.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

4. The Clutch Cam Ball Driver (49) has a cross hole that is larger on one side than the other. Insert a 1/16" drill shank or piece of wire into the smaller hole and gently push the Clutch Driver Retaining Pin (51) out of the larger hole and out of the Driver and the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Jaw is moved along the Clutch Shaft. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

5. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, and using care to drop the twelve Clutch Balls (47) into the box, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver and Cam Jaw (48) off the Clutch Shaft. If grease held some of the Balls inside the jaw cavity, remove them.
6. With the large end of the Clutch Shaft downward, depress the Automatic Shutoff Pin (44) with varying amounts of finger pressure while tapping the large end edge of the Clutch Shaft on a piece of wood until the Automatic Shutoff Plunger (42) protrudes slightly from the end of the Shaft. Grasp the Plunger and carefully pull it out of the Clutch Shaft.
7. Remove the Automatic Shutoff Pin and Automatic Shutoff Pin Spring (45) from the Clutch Shaft. The Pin Spring should remain in the pin recess when the Pin is removed. To separate the Spring from the Pin, gently rotate the Spring while pulling it from the recess to avoid elongating the Spring.
8. Using a hooked tool, reach into the opening in the end of the Clutch Shaft and carefully pull the Automatic Shutoff Plunger Return Spring (43) out of the Shaft without elongating the Spring.

Disassembly of the Adjustable Cushion Clutch

1. Using a thin blade screwdriver, pry the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (74) off the end of the Clutch Shaft (62).
2. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut (73) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (72). Rotate the screwdriver clockwise to thread the Adjustment Nut off the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Cam Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Ball Seat is moved. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

3. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, slide the Adjusting Nut Washer, the Thrust Bearing (71), the Spring Seat (70), the Clutch Spring (69) and the Cam Ball Seat (68) off the Clutch Shaft. Allow the eleven Clutch Cam Balls (66) to fall into the pasteboard box.
4. The Clutch Cam Ball Driver (65) has a cross hole that is larger on one side than the other. Insert a 1/16" drill shank or piece of wire into the smaller hole and gently push the Clutch Driver Retaining Pin (67) out of the larger hole and out of the Driver and the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Jaw is moved along the Clutch Shaft. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

5. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, and using care to drop the twelve Clutch Balls (63) into the box, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver and Cam Jaw (64) off the Clutch Shaft. If grease held some of the Balls inside the jaw cavity, remove them.

Disassembly of the Gearing

1. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Gear Retainer (29) from the motor end of the Gear Case (37) and remove the Gear Head Spacer (30) as well.
2. **For Series RL13F, RL13E and RL13D**, lightly rap the motor end of the Gear Case on a wooden work bench top to remove the three Planet Gears (33), the Planet Gear Head Assembly (32) and the Planet Gear Head Spacer (35).
For Series RL13C and RL13B, lightly rap the motor end of the Gear Case on a wooden work bench top to remove the three Planet Gears (33), The Gear Head Pinion (34), the Planet Gear Head Assembly (32) and the Planet Gear Head Spacer (35).
For Series RL13A, lightly rap the motor end of the Gear Case on a wooden work bench top to remove the Planet Gear Head Drive Plate (31), the Planet Gear Head Assembly (32) and the Planet Gear Head Spacer (35).
3. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring (39).
4. Stand the Gear Case on the table of an arbor press with the output spindle upward. Using a rod that neatly fits inside the internal hex of the Spindle (36), press the Spindle Assembly out of the Spindle Bearing (38).

MAINTENANCE SECTION

CAUTION

Do not remove the Bearing in the following step unless you have a new replacement available for installation. The Bearing will be damaged by the removal process.

5. Invert the Gear Case on the table of an arbor press so that the end face having four notches makes contact with the table. Using a rod against the inner race of the Spindle Bearing, press the Bearing from the Gear Case.
6. If the Spindle Bearing Seat (39A) must be replaced, use a small, thin blade screwdriver to spiral it out of the groove in the Gear Case.

Disassembly of the Motor

1. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Rear End Plate Assembly Retainer (17) from the shaft of the Rotor (21).
2. Pull the Rear End Plate Face Plate (16) and Rear End Plate Assembly (15) off the hub of the Rotor.
3. Lift the Cylinder (18) from the Rotor.
4. Remove the Vanes (22) from the Rotor.
5. Support the Front End Plate Assembly (23), as near the rotor body as possible, on the table of an arbor press and press the Rotor from the Front Rotor Bearing (25). Remove the Bearing from the Front End Plate.

Disassembly of the Housing

1. Pull the Reverse Lever (13) off the inlet end of the Motor Housing (1).
2. Using a #2 Phillips Head Screwdriver, unscrew and remove the Housing Screw (3).
3. Insert a 5/16" wooden dowel between 6 and 8 inches long, into the inlet end of the Motor Housing and push the Reverse Valve Assembly (4) out the motor end of the Housing.
4. Use a hooked tool to pull the Housing O-ring (2) out of the Motor Housing.

ASSEMBLY

General Instructions

1. Always press on the **inner** ring of a ball-type bearing when installing the bearing on a shaft.
2. Always press on the **outer** ring of a ball-type bearing when pressing the bearing into a bearing recess.
3. Whenever grasping a tool or part in a vise, always use leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.

4. Except for bearings, always clean every part and wipe every part with a thin film of oil before installation.
5. Apply o-ring lubricant to all o-rings before final assembly.
6. Check every bearing for roughness. If an open bearing must be cleaned, wash it thoroughly in a clean, suitable cleaning solution and dry with a clean cloth. **Sealed or shielded bearings should never be cleaned.** Work grease into every open bearing before installation.

Assembly of the Housing

1. Lubricate the Housing O-ring (2) with o-ring lubricant and install it at the bottom of the cylinder bore in the Motor Housing (1).
2. Inspect the face and o-ring on the hub of the Reverse Valve Assembly (4) for nicks or damage. Replace the Reverse Valve Assembly if any damage is evident.
3. Lubricate the o-ring on the hub of the Reverse Valve Assembly with o-ring lubricant and insert the Assembly, o-ring end leading, into the cylinder bore of the Motor Housing. Push the Assembly toward the bottom of the cylinder bore until it "snaps" into its proper location.
4. Rotate the Valve inside the Housing until the threaded hole into the side of the Valve for the Motor Housing Screw (3) aligns with the hole in the Motor Housing.
5. Using a #2 Phillips Head Screwdriver, thread the Motor Housing Screw into the Reverse Valve Assembly through the Housing until the underside of the screw head stops against the Housing. Back the Screw out of the Valve between 1/4 and 1/2 turn.
6. Align the open end of the slot inside the Reverse Lever with the head of the Housing Screw. From the inlet end of the Housing, slide the Lever onto the Housing, making certain the screw head enters the slot, and move it along the Housing until it stops against the housing shoulder.
7. Rotate the Lever to make certain the Valve only has slight resistance.

Assembly of the Motor

1. Place the Front End Plate (23) on the splined shaft of the Rotor (21) with the bearing recess away from the rotor body.
2. Place the Front Rotor Bearing (25) onto the shaft and using a sleeve or piece of tubing that contacts the inner race of the Bearing, press the Bearing onto the shaft until the Front End Plate nearly contacts the rotor body.

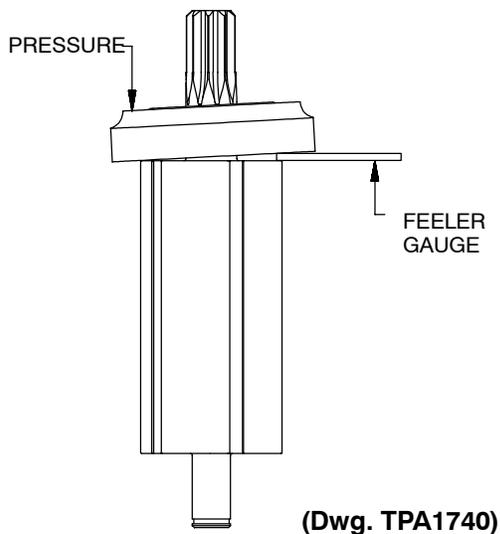
MAINTENANCE SECTION

NOTICE

In the following step, the measurement must be made at the end corner of the large rotor body.

3. The clearance between the Front End Plate and Rotor is critical. While pressing down with your finger on the outer edge of the Front End Plate on the bearing side, insert a 0.004" (0.1 mm) feeler gauge between the face of the rotor body and the face of the End Plate at a point that is 180 degrees from where the pressure is applied. Refer to Dwg. TPA1740. To increase the gap, support the End Plate and lightly tap the rotor shaft with a plastic hammer; to decrease the gap, press the Bearing farther onto the rotor shaft.

Measurement of Front End Plate Clearance



4. Wipe each Vane (22) with a light film of IRAX No.10 Oil and place a Vane in each slot in the Rotor.
5. One end of the Cylinder Assembly (18) has a notch that breaks the outer wall and end face of the Cylinder. With that end trailing, install the Cylinder Assembly over the Rotor and Vanes against the Front End Plate. Make certain the Cylinder Front Alignment Pin (20) enters the hole in the Front End Plate.
6. Install the Rear End Plate Assembly (15), flat face leading, on the rear hub of the Rotor. Make certain the Cylinder Rear Alignment Pin (19) enters the hole in the Rear End Plate.
7. Examine the Rear End Plate Face Plate (16) for scratches. If it is scratched, replace it. If it is not, slide it onto the rear hub of the Rotor and onto the Cylinder Rear Alignment Pin against the Rear End Plate. Some pressure may be required to fit the hole in the Plate onto the Alignment Pin.

8. Using snap ring pliers, install the Rear End Plate Assembly Retainer (17) in the annular groove on the rear rotor hub to secure the assembly in position.
9. Set the assembled motor aside.

Assembly of the Gearing

1. Using a small screwdriver, work the Spindle Bearing Seat (39A) into the internal groove nearest the notched end of the Gear Case (37).
2. Stand the Gear Case, notched end upward, on the table of an arbor press. Using a piece of tubing that contacts the outer race of the Spindle Bearing (38), press a new Bearing into the Gear Case against the Seat.
3. Lubricate the gears in the Spindle Assembly (36) with IRAX No. 67 Grease.
4. Invert the Gear Case and using another piece of tubing that supports the inner race of the Bearing and clears the output end of the Spindle Assembly, press the Spindle Assembly into the Bearing from the motor end of the Gear Case.
5. Using snap ring pliers, install the Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring (39) in the external groove near the driver end of the spindle.
6. Lightly lubricate the Planet Gear Head Spacer (35) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install it in the Gear Case against the Spindle Assembly.
7. Lubricate the shafts of the Planet Gear Head Assembly (32) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install the Gear Head in the Gear Case meshing the spline on the shaft with the gear teeth in the Spindle Assembly.
8. **For Series RL13E, RL13E and RL13D**, lubricate the Planet Gears (33) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install them on the shafts of the Planet Gear Frame Assembly.
For Series RL13C and RL13B, lubricate the Planet Gears (33) and Gear Head Pinion (34) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install the Planet Gears on the shafts of the Planet Gear Frame Assembly. Insert the Gear Head Pinion in the center of the Planet Gears making certain the teeth mesh.
For Series RL13A, lubricate the Planet Gear Head Drive Plate (31) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install it on the shafts of the Planet Gear Frame Assembly.
9. Install the Gear Head Spacer (30) against the Gears or Drive Plate and secure the assembly by using snap ring pliers to install the remaining Gear Retainer in the internal groove at the motor end of the Gear Case.

Assembly of the Adjustable Cushion Clutch

1. Insert the small end of the Clutch Shaft (62) into the end of the Cam Jaw (64) having the large opening and slide the Shaft about half way into the Jaw.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

2. Drop the twelve Clutch Balls (63) into the Cam Jaw forming a ring around the Clutch Shaft.
3. Lay a bead of IRAX No. 28 Grease, approximately 2 to 3 cc, on top of the Clutch Balls and then bring the Clutch Shaft and Cam Jaw together capturing the Balls between them.
4. While holding the Shaft and Jaw together, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver (65), large end leading, onto the Clutch Shaft until it is against the Cam Jaw.
5. Rotate the Driver to align the large hole through one wall of the Driver with the comparable size opening of the cross hole through the Clutch Shaft. Push the Clutch Cam Ball Driver Retaining Pin (67) into the hole to lock the Driver in position on the Clutch Shaft.
6. Apply a coating of IRAX No. 28 Grease to each of the eleven Clutch Cam Balls (66).
7. Holding the assembled Clutch Shaft with the Clutch Cam Ball Driver upward, insert a lubricated Ball into each of the eleven ball pockets in the Driver.
8. Slide the Cam Ball Seat (68), large end leading, onto the Shaft against the Balls. Follow with the Clutch Spring (69), Spring Seat (70), Thrust Bearing (71) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (72) with the smooth face leading.
9. Thread the Clutch Adjusting Nut (73), smooth face trailing, onto the Clutch Shaft.
10. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer. Rotate the screwdriver counterclockwise and thread the Adjustment Nut onto the Clutch Shaft until the external groove for the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (74) is visible.
11. Install the Nut Stop in the groove.

Assembly of the Adjustable Shutoff Clutch

1. Lightly grasp the Clutch Shaft (46) in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws with the large end upward.
2. Insert the Automatic Shutoff Plunger Return Spring (43) into the central opening in the large end of the Clutch Shaft. Use a 1/8" dowel to push the Spring below the cross hole for the Automatic Shutoff Pin (44).
3. Insert the Automatic Shutoff Pin Spring (45) in the end hole of the Automatic Shutoff Pin opposite the pointed end. Rotate the Spring a little to keep it in the hole.
4. Drip one or two drops of IRAX No. 10 Oil into the central hole with the Plunger Return Spring.
5. Position the Shutoff Pin, Spring leading, in the cross hole on the large end of the Clutch Shaft with the hole in the Shutoff Pin aligned with the central hole containing the Return Spring.

6. Push on the pointed end of the Shutoff Pin to depress the Spring while inserting the Automatic Shutoff Plunger (42) into the central opening with the Return Spring. The smaller center portion of the Shutoff Plunger will allow the Shutoff Pin to spring outward and capture the components within the Clutch Shaft when properly positioned.
7. Remove the Clutch Shaft from the vise jaws.
8. Insert the small end of the Clutch Shaft into the end of the Cam Jaw (48) having the large opening and slide the Shaft about half way into the Jaw.
9. Drop the twelve Clutch Balls (47) into the Cam Jaw forming a ring around the Clutch Shaft.
10. Lay a bead of IRAX No. 28 Grease, approximately 2 to 3 cc, on top of the Clutch Balls and then bring the Clutch Shaft and Cam Jaw together capturing the Balls between them.
11. While holding the Shaft and Jaw together, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver (49), large end leading, onto the Clutch Shaft until it is against the Cam Jaw.
12. Rotate the Driver to align the large hole through one wall of the Driver with the comparable size opening of the cross hole through the Clutch Shaft. Push the Clutch Cam Ball Driver Retaining Pin (51) into the hole to lock the Driver in position on the Clutch Shaft.
13. Apply a coating of IRAX No. 28 Grease to each of the three Clutch Cam Balls (50).
14. Holding the assembled Clutch Shaft with the Clutch Cam Ball Driver upward, insert a lubricated Ball into each of the three ball slots in the Driver.
15. Slide the Cam Ball Seat (52), large end leading, onto the Shaft against the Balls. Follow with the Clutch Spring (53), Spring Seat (54), Thrust Bearing (55) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (56) with the smooth face leading.
16. Thread the Clutch Adjusting Nut (57), smooth face trailing, onto the Clutch Shaft.
17. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer. Rotate the screwdriver counterclockwise and thread the Adjustment Nut onto the Clutch Shaft until the external groove for the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (58) is visible.
18. Install the Nut Stop in the groove.

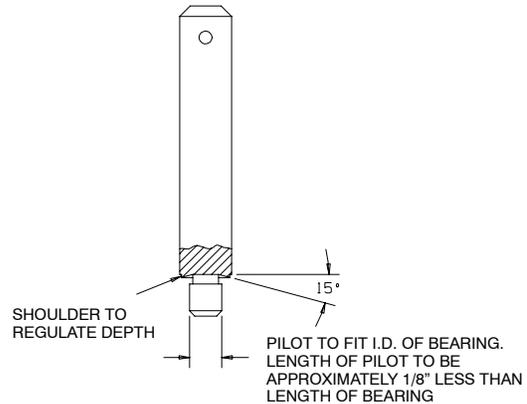
Assembly of the Tool

1. Lightly grasp the flats at the inlet end of the Motor Housing (1) in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws with the motor bore upward.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

- Grasp the spline of the Rotor (21) in the assembled motor and after aligning the End Plate Alignment Pin (24) with the internal notch in the motor end of the housing bore, insert the assembled motor into the Motor Housing. Make certain the motor is far enough into the Housing to have the undercut below the internal housing thread visible.
- Lubricate the Motor Seal (26) with o-ring lubricant and install it around the Front End Plate (23) and into the undercut in the Housing.
- Align the tab of the Motor Clamp Washer (27) with the internal notch in the Housing and install it over the rotor hub and End Plate Alignment Pin against the Motor Seal. Make certain the Pin enters the hole in the Washer and the Washer is flat against the Seal.
- Apply some IRAX No. 67 Grease to the spline on the rotor shaft.
- Thread the assembled Gear Case (37), output spindle trailing, into the Motor Housing and using a 1-1/16" wrench, tighten the joint between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
- Place the narrow end of the Clutch Return Spring (40 or 59) in the Gear Case against the inner race of the Spindle Bearing (38).
- Place the hex drive end of the Clutch Input Driver (41 or 60) on the Spring and compress the Spring until the hex on the Driver enters the hex recess on the Spindle Assembly (36). While holding the Driver in position, engage the raised bar on the face of the Driver with the jaw of the Cam Jaw (48 or 64).
- If the Clutch Housing Bearing (76) was removed, stand the Clutch Housing (75) on the table of an arbor press with the smaller, externally threaded end downward.
- Using a Needle Bearing Inserting Tool as shown in Dwg. TPD786 with a 0.030" (0.76 mm) thick washer that clears the inner bore and outer edge of the Bearing inserted between the Bearing and stop surface on the tool, press the Bearing into the Clutch Housing. The trailing end of the Bearing must be between 0.025" and 0.035" (0.63 and 0.89 mm) below the face of the bore into which the Bearing is pressed.

Needle Bearing Inserting Tool



(Dwg. TPD786)

- Insert the Bit Holder (77) into the large end of the Clutch Housing and push the output end through the Clutch Housing Bearing.

NOTICE

The following step has parts with a left-hand thread. Rotate the components counterclockwise to tighten them.

- Install the assembled Clutch Housing (75) over the clutch components and thread it onto the Gear Case. Using a 1-1/16" wrench on the flats of the Gear Case and the Clutch Housing Spanner Wrench (Part No. TRH-478) in the clutch housing slot, tighten the joint between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
- Invert the assembled tool in the vise jaws and lightly grasp the flats on the Gear Case with the inlet end of the tool upward.
- Insert a 5/8" dowel through the opening in the Back Cap (5), and using the dowel as an alignment device, install the three Muffler Elements (7) in the cavity of the Back Cap. Make certain the notches in the outer edge of the Elements fit over the pocket in the bottom of the Cap.
- Make certain the tab on the inside edge of the Back Cap Gasket (6) is aligned with the pocket and install the Gasket, metal face leading, in the recess of the Back Cap against the face with the cavity containing the Muffler Elements.
- Position the gasket end of the alignment dowel against the inlet hub on the Motor Housing. Align the flats on the Cap with the flats on the Housing. Orient the Back Cap to clear the Reverse Lever (13) and slide the Back Cap Assembly off the alignment dowel and onto the Motor Housing.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

17. Insert the Push Rod (28) into the central hole in the inlet hub. The Rod will enter the assembled motor and disappear from view when released. Install the Shutoff Valve (14), small end first, in the same opening.
18. The Exhaust Diffuser (9) has one slot that is longer than the other five slots. The Back Cap has a short, molded stud projecting from the inlet end. Place the Exhaust Diffuser against the Back Cap with the long slot encircling the molded stud. Rotate the Diffuser counterclockwise until the wall of the slot stops against the stud. The exhaust ports are now in the full open position which will provide maximum free speed.
19. If the Inlet Screen (12) required replacement, use a wooden dowel to carefully push a new one into the Inlet Bushing (10).
20. If the Inlet Bushing Seal (11) is nicked or damaged, carefully install a new one over the threads of the Inlet Bushing.
21. Thread the Inlet Bushing Assembly through the Diffuser and Back Cap into the Motor Housing. Using a 1-3/16" wrench on the flats of the Back Cap to keep it from turning, tighten the Inlet Bushing between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
22. Remove the tool from the vise jaws and install the Housing Grip (85) over the Clutch Housing.
23. Install the Grip Retaining Ring (88) in the external groove on the Clutch Housing ahead of the Grip to retain the Grip on the Housing.
24. **For Models with Quick Release Bit Holders**, place the Bit Retaining Ball (78) in the hole through the wall of the Bit Holder and slide the Bit Retaining Sleeve (80), large end trailing, onto the Bit Holder. Slide the Retaining Sleeve Spring (81) and Spring Seat (82) onto the Bit Holder and secure the components by installing the Retaining Ring (83) in the external groove at the output end of the Bit Holder.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left-hand thread. Rotate the component counterclockwise to tighten it.

25. Thread the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover (89) onto the Clutch Housing against the Housing Grip and hand tighten it between 2 and 6 ft-lbs. (3 and 8 Nm) torque.

NOTICE

The following step has parts with a left-hand thread. Rotate the components counterclockwise to tighten them.

26. Thread the Non-Rotating Bit Finder (84) or Clutch Housing Cap (90) onto the Clutch Housing and hand tighten it between 2 and 6 ft-lbs. (3 and 8 Nm) torque.

TESTING THE TOOL

Before placing the tool back in service, test the tool in a run down application to determine if adjustments are necessary to satisfactorily perform the operation. Since five interrelated adjustments can affect tool performance, only experience, along with trial and error, can dictate which adjustment or combination of adjustments will provide the desired results.

The Clutch Spring (53 or 69), the clutch adjustment procedure, the exhaust flow, the length of the Push Rod (28) and the length of the Shutoff Valve (14) can individually or collectively have an effect on torque and/or speed. Always try to make adjustments before replacing or attempting to modify components.

If adjustments are unable to provide the desired torque, it may be necessary to install a lighter or heavier Clutch Spring.

If the tool ratchets when operated but fails to shutoff, it may be necessary to shorten the Push Rod. Only shorten the Push Rod in small increments. Increments between 0.005" and 0.010" (0.13 and 0.25 mm) are recommended.

If the tool stalls and does not shutoff, runs slower than normal or has low power, the Shutoff Valve may require lengthening. To lengthen the Shutoff Valve, grasp the stem between two pieces of rubber or other non-slip, non-marring material and rotate the molded nut counterclockwise. Rotating the nut one half revolution will lengthen the Valve approximately 0.009" (0.23 mm).

Should the stem of the Valve become bent, marred, nicked or damaged in any way during the adjustment process, replace it.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Trouble	Probable Cause	Solution
Loss of Power	Low air pressure	Check air supply. For top performance, the air pressure must be 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) at the inlet.
	Plugged Inlet Bushing Screen	Clean the Inlet Bushing Screen using a clean, suitable cleaning solution. If the Screen cannot be cleaned, replace it.
	Worn or broken Vanes	Replace a complete set of Vanes.
	Worn or broken Cylinder	Replace the Cylinder if it is cracked or if the bore appears wavy or scored.
	Exhaust control restricted	Make certain the Exhaust Diffuser against the Back Cap is in the fully open position.
	Shutoff Valve too short	Lengthen the Shutoff Valve. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 30.
Motor won't run	Motor Clamp Washer binding	Remove the Gear Case make certain the Washer is flat and the Motor Seal is properly positioned.
	Gears binding	Clean and inspect all gearing. Replace any worn or damaged gearing.
	Push Rod worn	Install a new Push Rod.
Gear Case gets hot	Excessive grease	Clean and inspect Gear Case and gearing parts and lubricate as instructed.
	Worn or damaged parts	Clean and inspect the gear Case and Gearing. Replace worn or broken components.
Inconsistent disengagement of the Adjustable Clutch	Improper lubrication	Remove the Adjustable Clutch mechanism and examine the parts. Lubricate as instructed.
	Wrong Clutch Spring (using Heavy Clutch Spring on light torque application)	Change to Medium or Light Clutch Spring.
Motor stalls before Adjustable Clutch ratchets	Improper Clutch adjustment or improper tool ratio for application	Check Clutch Adjustment and review tool performance vs. requirements.
	Low pressure at the inlet	Check the air supply. For top performance, the air pressure must be 90 psig (6.2bar/620kPa) at the inlet.
	Insufficient grease	Lubricate the Clutch as instructed.
	Improper exhaust control adjustment	Adjust the exhaust flow to obtain the desired speed.
Tool ratchets before shutoff	Push Rod too long	Shorten the push Rod. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 30.
Tool stalls without shutting off	Shutoff Valve too short	Lengthen the Shutoff Valve. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 30.
Too runs slower than normal	Shutoff Valve too short	Lengthen the Shutoff Valve. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 30.

NOTICE

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS. DO NO DESTROY.

